

ruby/debug

The best investment for your productivity

2022-11-14



Hello 🖐️ I'm Stan



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- Taiwanese 🇹🇼 Live in London 🇬🇧



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- Active contributor of ruby/debug and IRB



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- Work at Shopify's Ruby Developer Experience Team



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<https://github.com/Shopify/ruby-lsp>

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- Work at S

```
test > fixtures > rails_app > models > model.rb > Ruby LSP > Post
1  class Post < ActiveRecord::Base
2    belongs_to :foo
3  end
4
```

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- ❤️ Pubs 🍺



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 - Maintainer of sentry-ruby
 - ❤️ Pubs 🍺
 - Github: @st0012 Twitter: @_st0012
- Mastodon: @st0012@ruby.social

10 June, 2019



10 Jun



- About us
- Want to speak?

Archives By Year

- 2022
- 2021
- 2020
- 2019
- 2018
- 2017
- 2016
- 2015
- 2014
- 2013
- 2012
- 2011
- 2010
- 2009
- 2008
- 2007
- 2006

 Meeting Calendar

June 2019 Meeting

The June 2019 meeting of LRUG will be on *Monday the 10th of June*, from 6:00pm to 8:00pm (meeting start at 6:30pm). The venue, **Code Node** between Moorgate and Liverpool St. stations, is provided by **Skills Matter**. **Full venue and registration details are given below.**

Agenda

User-First Internationalisation

Tom Lord:

Expanding a website internationally comes with many challenges; perhaps none more difficult than translating its content. In this talk, we will discuss pros and cons of various tools and techniques that my team have used to tackle this problem in ruby (along with some insight into how this differs for statically typed languages) - with a pragmatic goal of providing the best possible end-user experience at all times.

Simplify writing code with deliberate commits

Joel Chippindale:

As developers, a key part of our work, is in breaking down large gnarly complex problems into smaller simpler ones. But this is hard and there are many distractions along the way. In this talk I will take you through 5 habits to adopt around committing your code which will help you keep focussed on these smaller simpler problems and make it easier for you to write good code.

A practical guide for conducting efficient code reviews

Gonçalo Moraes

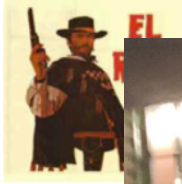
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Thanks!

10 Jun

June 2019 Meeting



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30 Meeting Calendar



Gonçalo Morais

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Let's Talk About Debugging

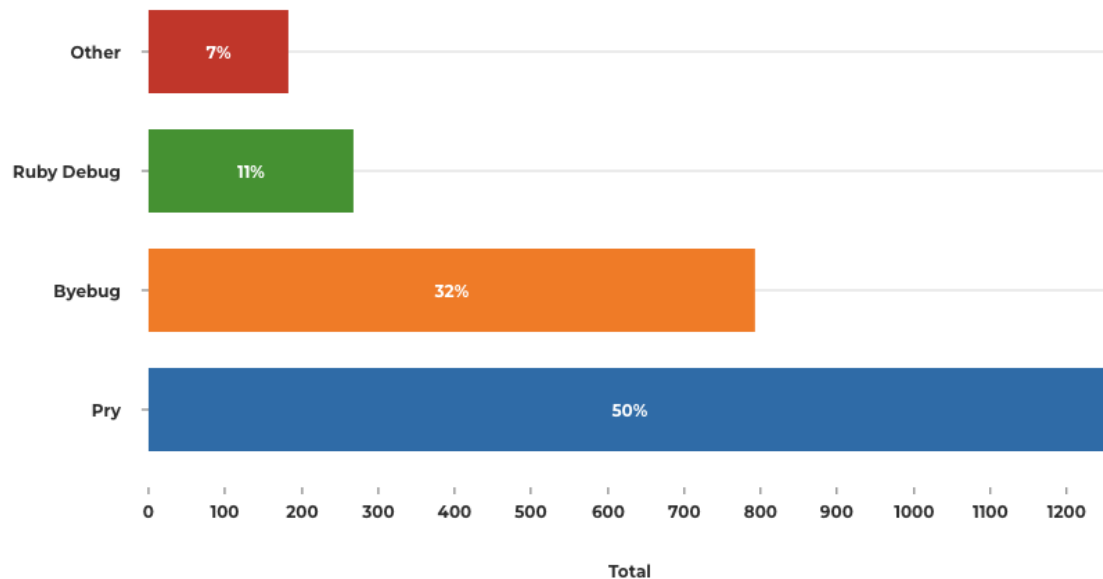


What's Your Primary Debugging Tool?



What Do Ruby Developers Use For Debugging?

What is your go-to Ruby debugger tool?



What is your go-to Ruby debugger tool?



proudly
presents

CONTACT

Ruby on Rails Survey 2022

Back in 2009, we invited our community to participate in the first survey about the state of hosting Ruby on Rails applications. Over the years, we've evolved this to include questions about tools, frameworks, and workflows in order to see how the environment is changing.

Now in its seventh incarnation, we invite you to take a stroll through the data and our findings. We've also invited members of the community to share their thoughts, which we've included throughout the site.

THE RESULTS ARE IN!

total

<https://rails-hosting.com/2022>

What is your go-to Ruby debugger tool?



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presents

CONTACT

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Back in 2009, we invited the community to share their state of hosting Ruby on Rails applications, tools, frameworks, and workflows in order to

Now in its seventh incarnation, we've also invited members of the community to share the

2,660
RESPONDENTS

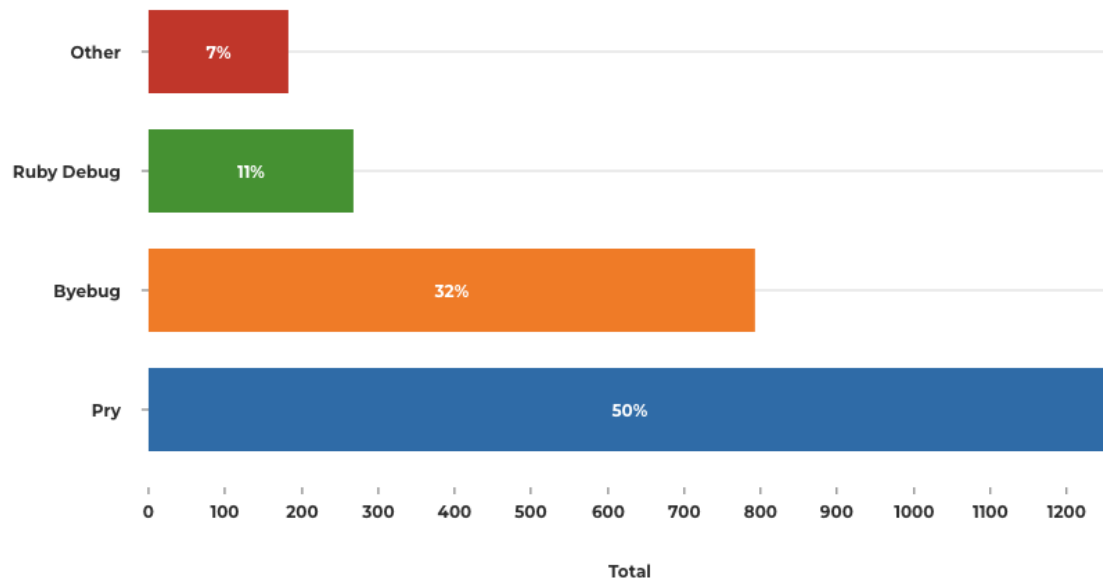
state of hosting Ruby on Rails applications, tools, frameworks,

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<https://rails-hosting.com/2022>

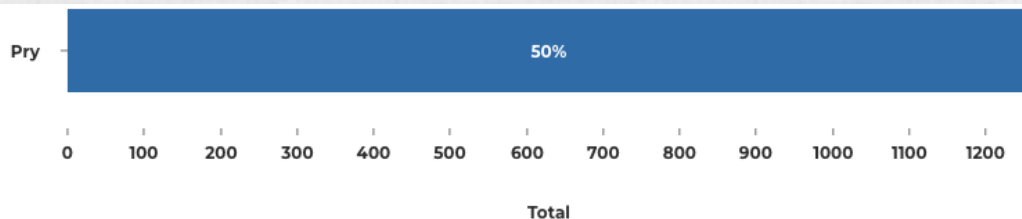
What is your go-to Ruby debugger tool?



What is your go-to Ruby debugger tool?



Pry is a **powerful** alternative to the standard IRB shell for Ruby. It features **syntax highlighting**, a flexible **plugin architecture**, **runtime invocation** and **source and documentation browsing**.



Why Don't People Use Debuggers?

Common Debugger Features

- **Step-debugging**
- **Frame Navigation**
- **Breakpoint Commands**

Common Debugger Features

- **Step-debugging**
- **Frame Navigation**
- **Breakpoint Commands**
- **Scriptable Breakpoint (ruby/debug only)**

Example



```
require "debug"
load "lib.rb"

binding.b
result = foo(100)

if result == 202
  puts("foo works as expected")
else
  puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
end
```

main.rb

Example



```
require "debug"  
load "lib.rb"  
  
binding.b  
result = foo(100)  
  
if result == 202  
  puts("foo works as expected")  
else  
  puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")  
end
```

main.rb

Example



```
require "debug"
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Example



```
require "debug"
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binding.b
result = foo(100)

if result == 202
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```

main.rb

Example



```
require "debug"
load "lib.rb"

binding.b
result = foo(100)

if result == 202
  puts("foo works as expected")
else
  puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
end
```

main.rb

Example



```
require "debug" ➡ require the debugger  
load "lib.rb"
```

```
binding.b  
result = foo(100)
```

```
if result == 202  
  puts("foo works as expected")  
else  
  puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")  
end
```

main.rb

Example



```
require "debug" ➡ require the debugger  
load "lib.rb"
```

```
binding.b ➡ set a breakpoint  
result = foo(100)
```

```
if result == 202  
  puts("foo works as expected")  
else  
  puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")  
end
```

main.rb

Entering a debugging session



```
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
=> 4| binding.b
  5| result = foo(100)
  6|
  7| if result == 202
  8|   puts("foo works as expected")
  9| else
 10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0  <main> at main.rb:4
(rdbg)
```

Entering a debugging session

○ ○ ○

[1, 10] in main.rb

```
1| require "debug"  
2| load "lib.rb"  
3|  
=> 4| binding.b  
5| result = foo(100)  
6|  
7| if result == 202  
8|   puts("foo works as expected")  
9| else  
10|  puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
```

=>#0 <main> at main.rb:4

(rdbg)

Entering a debugging session



```
[1, 10] in main.rb
1| require "debug"
2| load "lib.rb"
3|
=> 4| binding.b
5| result = foo(100)
6|
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Entering a debugging session



```
[1, 10] in main.rb
1| require "debug"
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```

Entering a debugging session



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[1, 10] in main.rb
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```

Entering a debugging session

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[1, 10] in main.rb
1| require "debug"
2| load "lib.rb"
3|
=> 4| binding.b
5| result = foo(100)
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=>#0 <main> at main.rb:4
(rdbg)
```

Step Debugging

Micro-managing our program



Step Debugging



```
$ ruby main.rb
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
=> 4| binding.b
  5| result = foo(100)
  6|
  7| if result == 202
  8|   puts("foo works as expected")
  9| else
 10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0  <main> at main.rb:4
(rdbg)
```

<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
$ ruby main.rb
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
=>  4| binding.b
    5| result = foo(100)
    6|
    7| if result == 202
    8|   puts("foo works as expected")
    9| else
   10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0  <main> at main.rb:4
(rdbg)
```

step

<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
$ ruby main.rb
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
=>  4| binding.b
    5| result = foo(100)
    6|
    7| if result == 202
    8|   puts("foo works as expected")
    9| else
   10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0  <main> at main.rb:4
(rdbg)
```

step

next

<main>



Step Debugging



```
$ ruby main.rb
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
=>  4| binding.b
    5| result = foo(100)
    6|
    7| if result == 202
    8|   puts("foo works as expected")
    9| else
   10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0  <main> at main.rb:4
(rdbg)
```

<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) s      # step command
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
=>  4| binding.b
    5| result = foo(100)
    6|
    7| if result == 202
    8|   puts("foo works as expected")
    9| else
   10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0    <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```

<main>



Step Debugging



```
(rdbg) s      # step command
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
  4| binding.b
  5| result = foo(100)
  6|
  7| if result == 202
  8|   puts("foo works as expected")
  9| else
 10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0    <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```

<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) s      # step command
[1, 10] in main.rb
  1| require "debug"
  2| load "lib.rb"
  3|
=>  4| binding.b
    5| result = foo(100)
    6|
    7| if result == 202
    8|   puts("foo works as expected")
    9| else
   10|   puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
=>#0    <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```

<main>



Step Debugging

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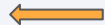
```
(rdbg) s      # step command
[1, 10] in lib.rb
    1| def foo(n)
=>   2|   bar(n)
    3| end
    4|
    5| def bar(n)
    6|   baz(n)
    7| end
    8|
    9| def baz(n)
   10|   num = plus_1(n)
=>#0   Object#foo(n=100) at lib.rb:2
    #1   <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```



Step Debugging

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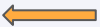
```
(rdbg) s      # step command
[1, 10] in lib.rb
1| def foo(n)
=> 2|   bar(n)
3|   end
4|
5| def bar(n)
6|   baz(n)
7| end
8|
9| def baz(n)
10|  num = plus_1(n)
=>#0  Object#foo(n=100) at lib.rb:2
#1   <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) s      # step command
[1, 10] in lib.rb
  1| def foo(n)
=>  2|   bar(n)
  3| end
  4|
  5| def bar(n)
  6|   baz(n)
  7| end
  8|
  9| def baz(n)
 10|   num = plus_1(n)
=>#0   Object#foo(n=100) at lib.rb:2
    #1   <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```



Step Debugging



```
(rdbg) s 2      # step command
[5, 14] in lib.rb
  5| def bar(n)
  6|   baz(n)
  7| end
  8|
  9| def baz(n)
=> 10|   num = plus_1(n)
 11|   double(num)
 12| end
 13|
 14| def plus_1(n)
=>#0   Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:10
    #1   Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
    # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) s 2      # step command
[5, 14] in lib.rb
  5| def bar(n)
  6|   baz(n)
  7| end
  8|
  9| def baz(n)
=> 10|   num = plus_1(n)
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    12| end
    13|
    14| def plus_1(n)
=>#0   Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:10
      #1   Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
      # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

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```
(rdbg) s 2      # step command
[5, 14] in lib.rb
  5| def bar(n)
  6|   baz(n)
  7| end
  8|
  9| def baz(n)
=> 10|   num = plus_1(n)
 11|   double(num)
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 14| def plus_1(n)
=>#0   Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:10
    #1   Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
    # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
(rdbg)
```

plus_1
baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) s 2      # step command
[5, 14] in lib.rb
  5| def bar(n)
  6|   baz(n)
  7| end
  8|
  9| def baz(n)
=> 10|   num = plus_1(n)
    11|   double(num)
    12| end
    13|
    14| def plus_1(n)
=>#0   Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:10
      #1   Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
      # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) n      # next command
[6, 15] in lib.rb
  6|   baz(n)
  7| end
  8|
  9| def baz(n)
10|   num = plus_1(n)
=> 11|   double(num)
12| end
13|
14| def plus_1(n)
15|   n - 1
=>#0   Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
     #1   Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
     # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
9| def baz(n)
10|   num = plus_1(n)
=> 11|   double(num)
12| end
13|
14| def plus_1(n)
15|   n - 1

=>#0  Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
#1   Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
# and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
```

```
(rdbg) i    # info command
%self = main
n = 100
num = 99
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
9| def baz(n)
10|   num = plus_1(n)
=> 11|   double(num)
12| end
13|
14| def plus_1(n)
15|   n - 1

=>#0  Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
     #1  Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
     # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
```

```
(rdbg) i      # info command
%self = main
n = 100
num = 99
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
9| def baz(n)
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=> 11|   double(num)
12| end
13|
14| def plus_1(n)
15|   n - 1

=>#0  Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
     #1  Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
     # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
```

```
(rdbg) i      # info command
%self = main
n = 100
num = 99
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
9| def baz(n)
10|   num = plus_1(n)
=> 11|   double(num)
12| end
13|
14| def plus_1(n)
15|   n - 1

=>#0  Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
     #1  Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
     # and 2 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
```

```
(rdbg) i      # info command
%self = main
n = 100
num = 99
(rdbg)
```

baz
bar
foo
<main>



Step Debugging

Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) num
```

```
99
```

```
(ruby) methods.count
```

```
66
```

```
(rdbg) ls      # outline command
```

```
Object.methods: inspect to_s
```

```
locals: n  num
```

```
(rdbg)
```

Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) num  
99
```

```
(ruby) methods.count  
66
```

```
(rdbg) ls      # outline command
```

```
Object.methods: inspect to_s
```

```
locals: n  num
```

```
(rdbg)
```

Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

```
(rdbg) num
```

```
99
```

```
(ruby) methods.count
```

```
66
```

```
(rdbg) ls      # outline command
```

```
Object.methods: inspect to_s
```

```
locals: n  num
```

```
(rdbg)
```

Step Debugging

○ ○ ○

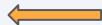
```
(rdbg) num  
99
```

```
(ruby) methods.count  
66
```

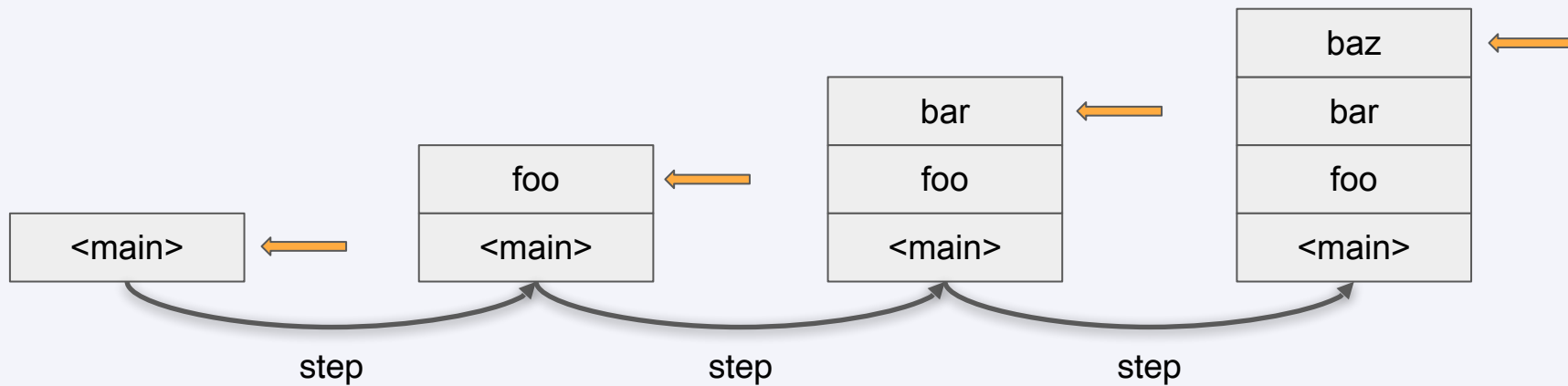
```
(rdbg) ls      # outline command  
Object.methods: inspect to_s  
locals: n  num  
(rdbg)
```

Step Debugging

<main>



Step Debugging



Frame Navigation

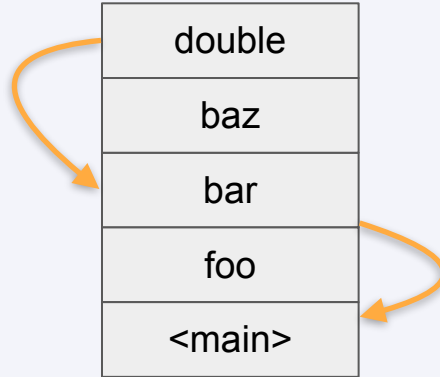
The best friend of step-debugging



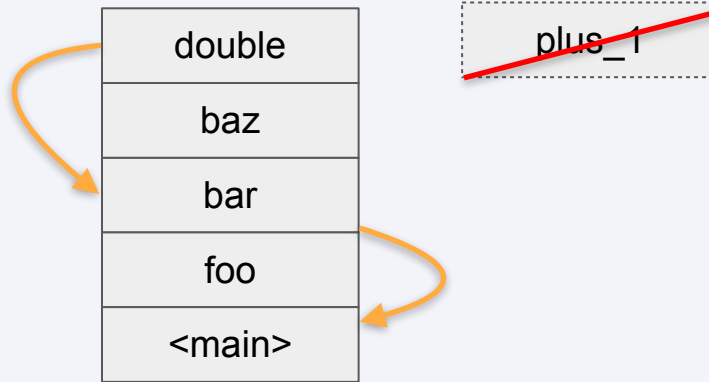
Frame Navigation

double
baz
bar
foo
<main>

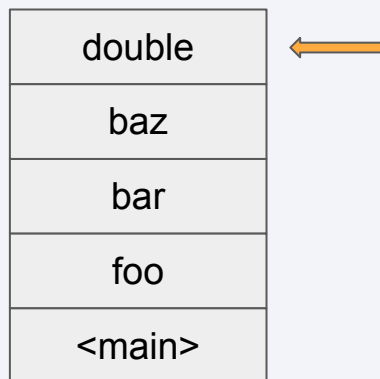
Frame Navigation



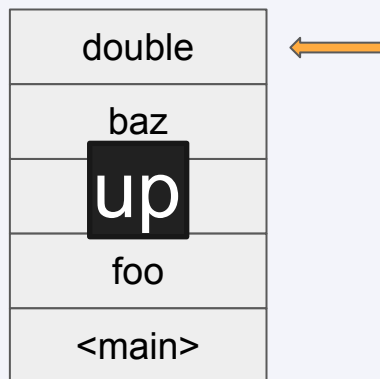
Frame Navigation



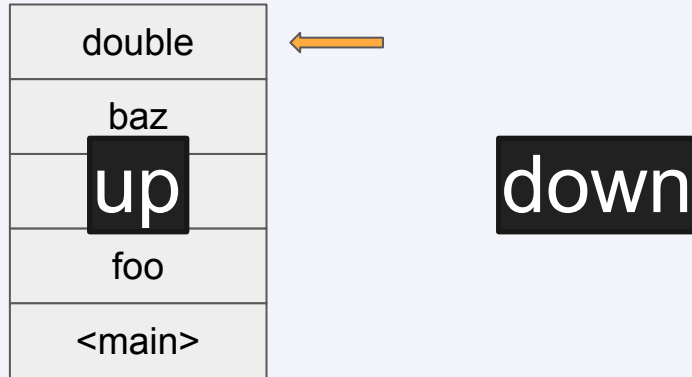
Frame Navigation



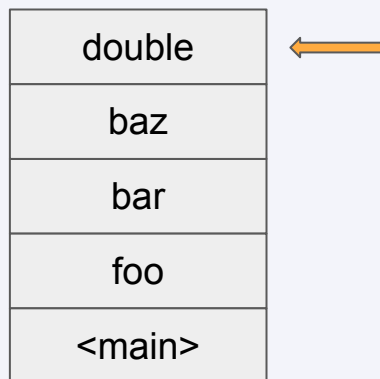
Frame Navigation



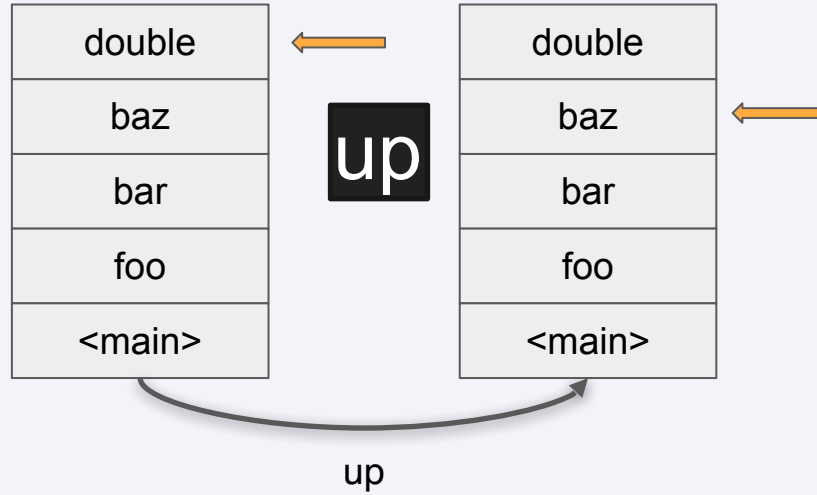
Frame Navigation



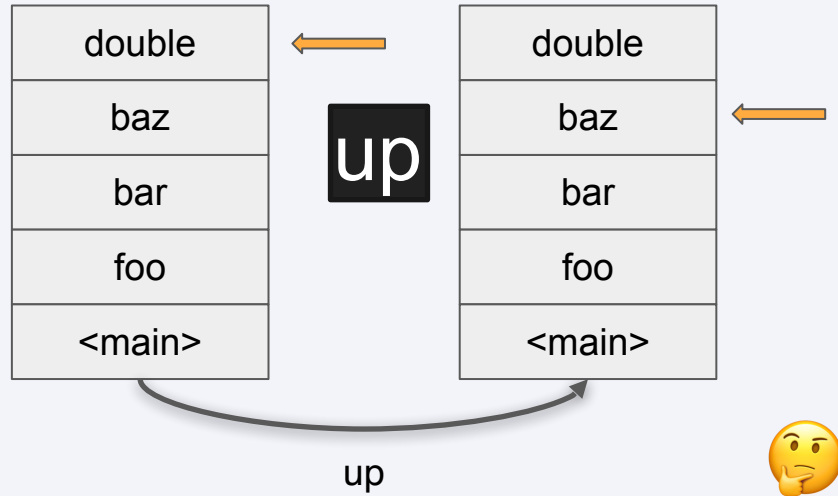
Frame Navigation



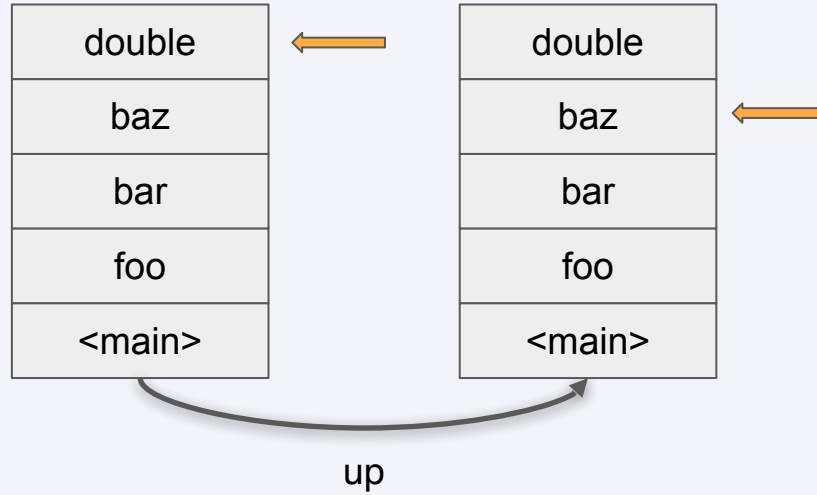
Frame Navigation



Frame Navigation



Frame Navigation



Frame Navigation

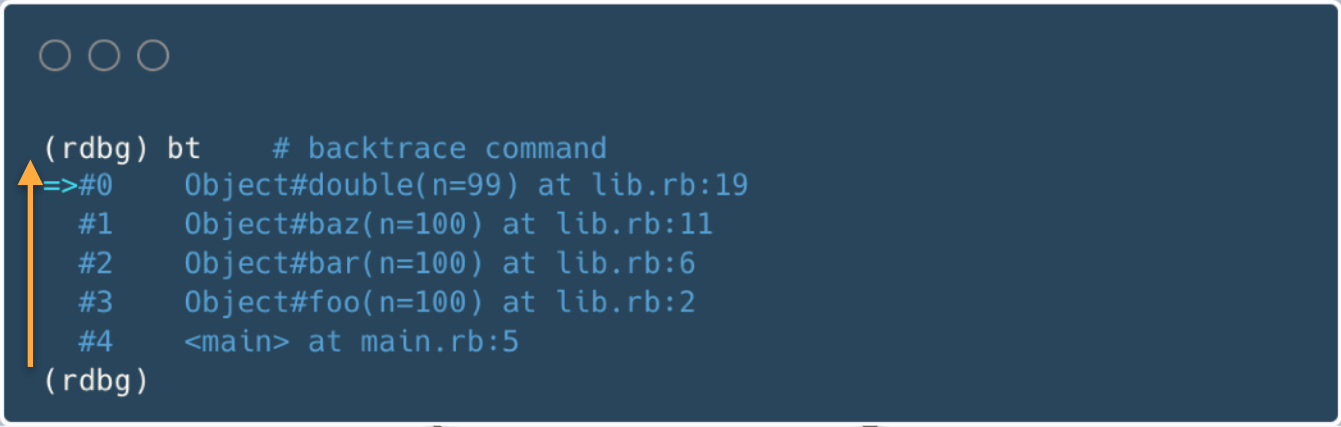


```
(rdbg) bt    # backtrace command
=>#0      Object#double(n=99) at lib.rb:19
   #1      Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
   #2      Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
   #3      Object#foo(n=100) at lib.rb:2
   #4      <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```



up

Frame Navigation



```
(rdbg) bt      # backtrace command
=>#0    Object#double(n=99) at lib.rb:19
   #1    Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
   #2    Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6
   #3    Object#foo(n=100) at lib.rb:2
   #4    <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg)
```

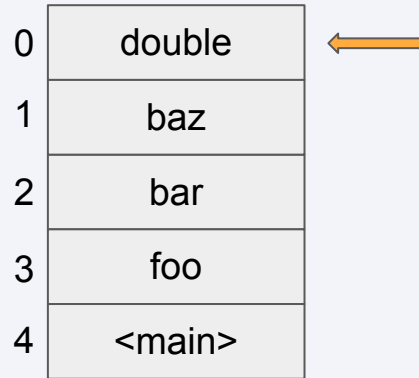
up

Frame Navigation

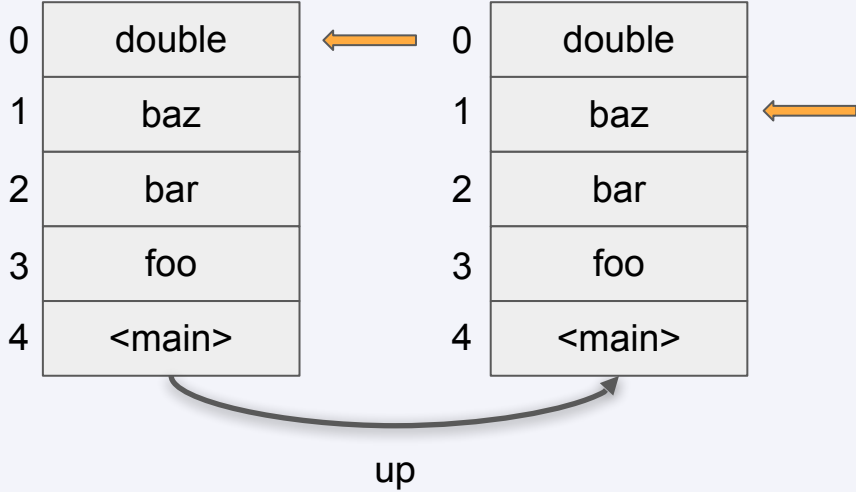
```
○ ○ ○  
  
(rdbg) bt      # backtrace command  
=>#0  Object#double(n=99) at lib.rb:19  
  #1  Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11  
  #2  Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6  
  #3  Object#foo(n=100) at lib.rb:2  
  #4  <main> at main.rb:5  
(rdbg)
```

up

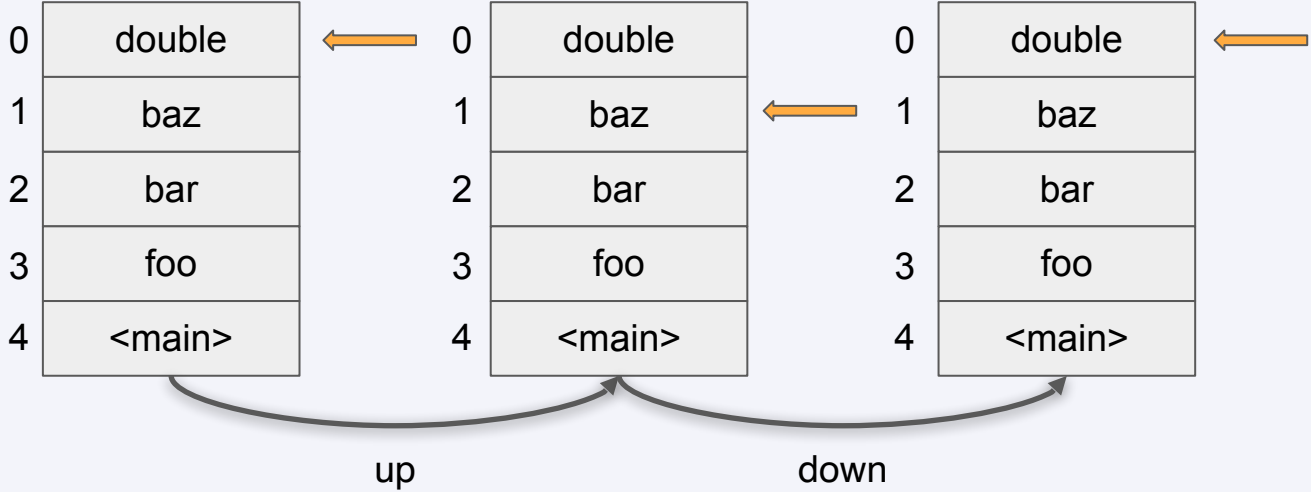
Frame Navigation



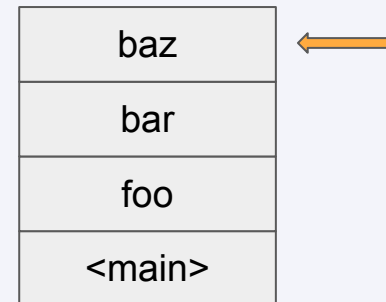
Frame Navigation



Frame Navigation



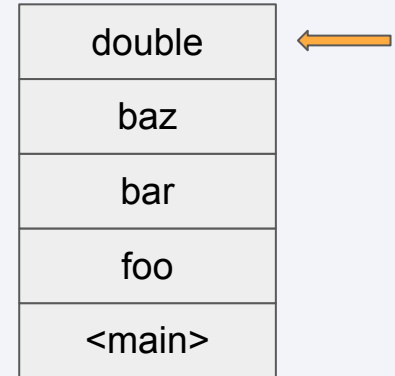
Frame Navigation



Frame Navigation



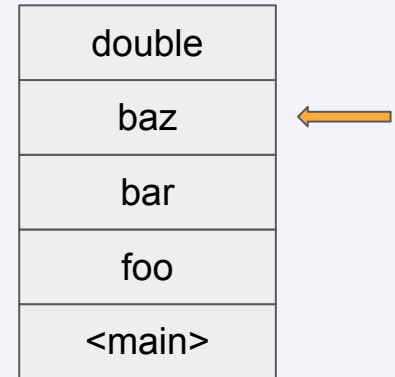
```
(rdbg) s      # step command
[14, 20] in lib.rb
  14| def plus_1(n)
  15|   n - 1
  16| end
  17|
  18| def double(n)
=> 19|   n * 2
  20| end
=>#0   Object#double(n=99) at lib.rb:19
     #1   Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
     # and 3 frames (use `bt' command for all frames)
(rdbg)
```



Frame Navigation



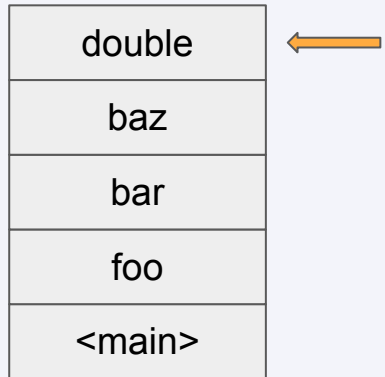
```
(rdbg) up      # command
=> 11| double(num)
=> #1 Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11
(rdbg) list     # command
   6| baz(n)
   7| end
   8|
   9| def baz(n)
  10|   num = plus_1(n)
=> 11|   double(num)
  12| end
  13|
  14| def plus_1(n)
  15|   n - 1
(rdbg)
```



Frame Navigation



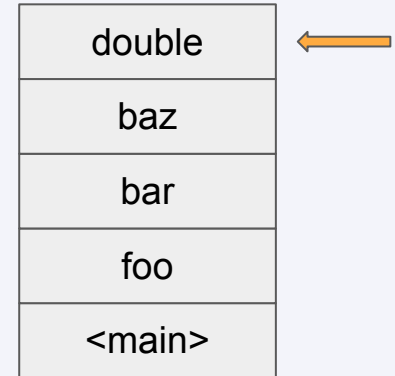
```
(rdbg) down    # command
=> 19|    n * 2
=>#0    Object#double(n=99) at lib.rb:19
(rdbg) list    # command
    14| def plus_1(n)
    15|   n - 1
    16| end
    17|
    18| def double(n)
=> 19|   n * 2
    20| end
(rdbg)
```



Frame Navigation



```
(rdbg) bt      # backtrace command  
=>#0  Object#double(n=99) at lib.rb:19  
  #1  Object#baz(n=100) at lib.rb:11  
  #2  Object#bar(n=100) at lib.rb:6  
  #3  Object#foo(n=100) at lib.rb:2  
  #4  <main> at main.rb:5  
(rdbg)
```

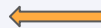


Frame Navigation



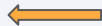
```
(rdbg) frame 4    # command
=> 5| result = foo(100)
=>#4    <main> at main.rb:5
(rdbg) list      # command
1| require "debug"
2| load "lib.rb"
3|
4| binding.b
=> 5| result = foo(100)
6|
7| if result == 202
8|   puts("foo works as expected")
9| else
10|  puts("foo returned incorrect value: #{result}")
(rdbg)
```

double
baz
bar
foo
<main>

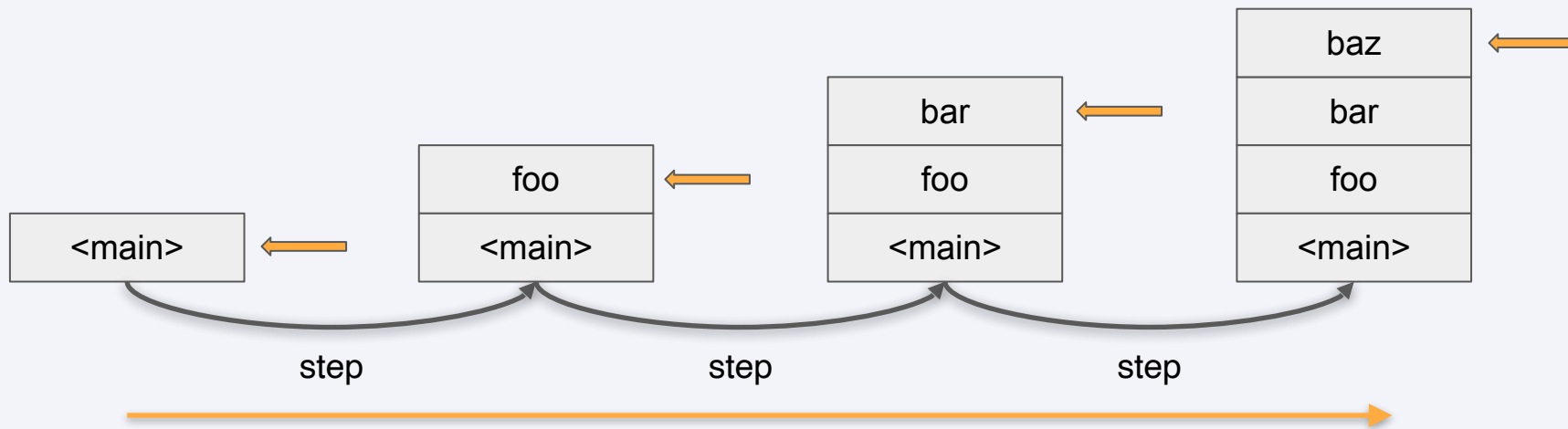


Step-debugging + Frame Navigation

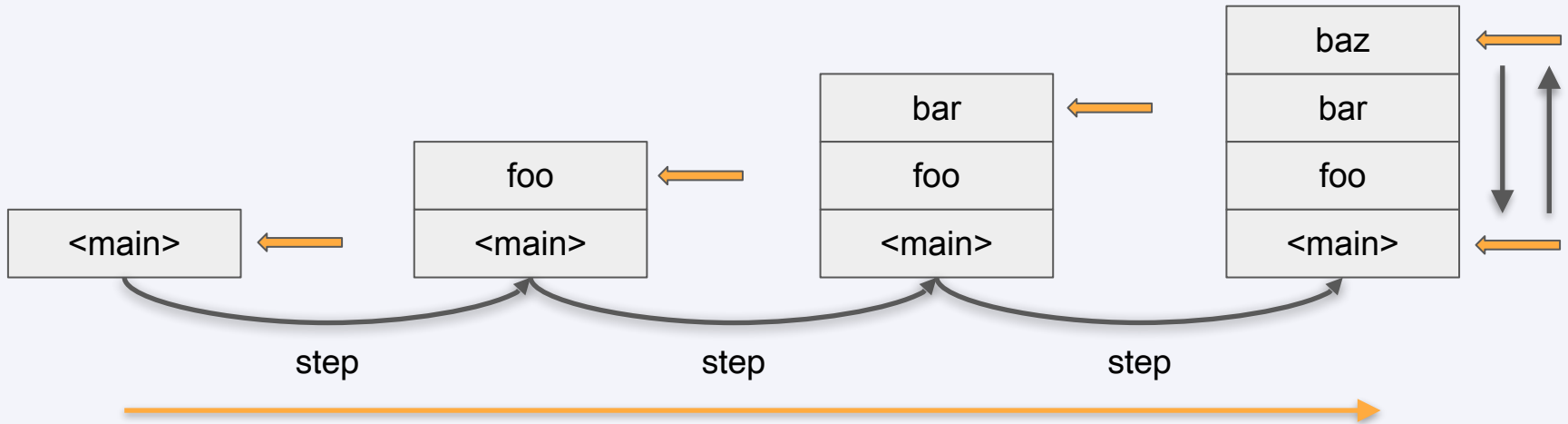
<main>



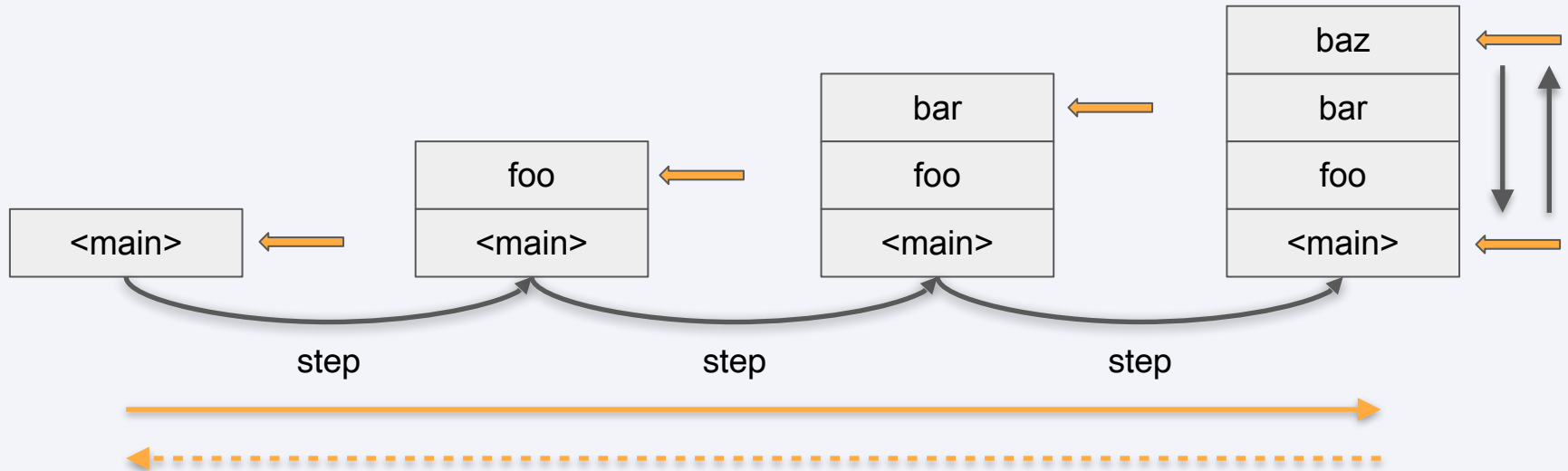
Step-debugging + Frame Navigation



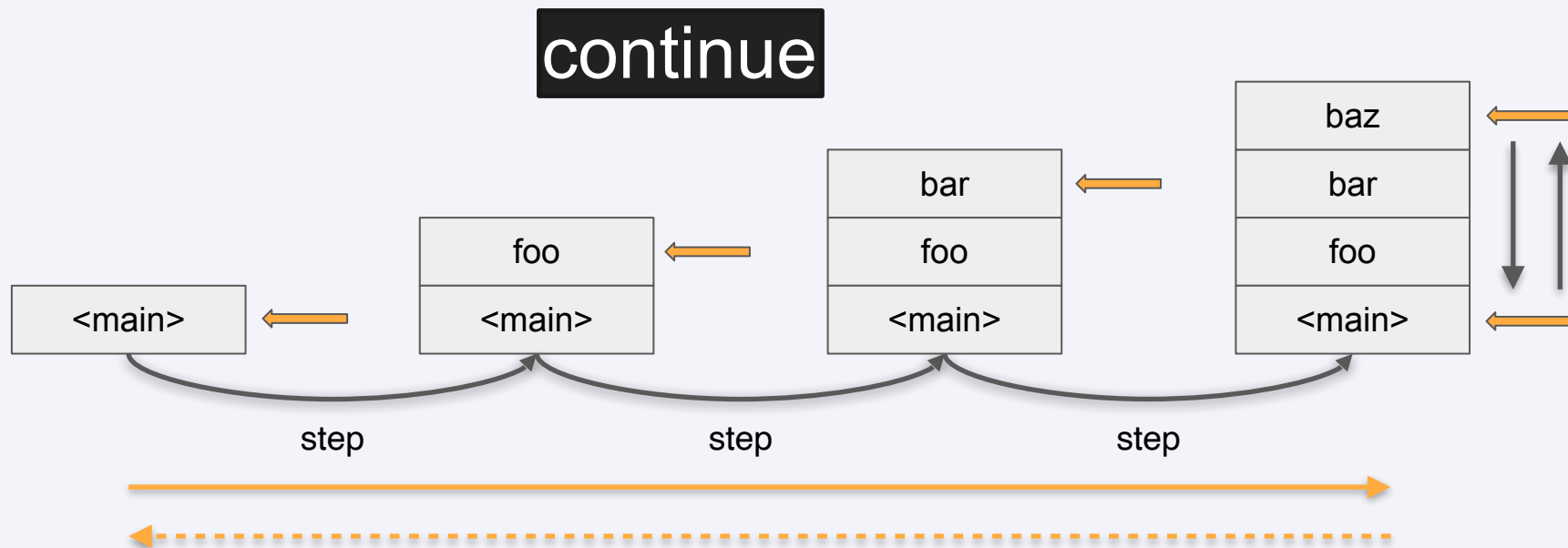
Step-debugging + Frame Navigation



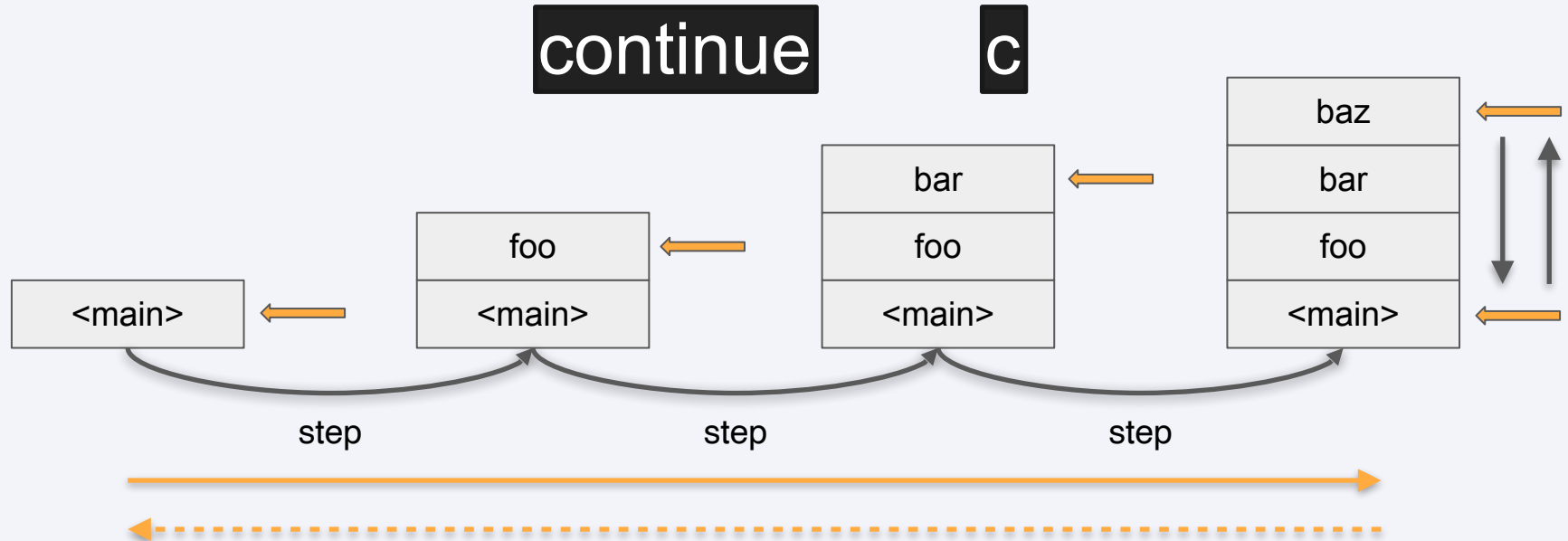
Step-debugging + Frame Navigation



Step-debugging + Frame Navigation



Step-debugging + Frame Navigation



Step-debugging + Frame Navigation - Commands

	Command
Step in	s[tep]
Step over	n[ext]
Finish	fin[ish]
Move to frame	f[rame] <id>
Move up a frame	up
Move down a frame	down
Continue	c[ontinue]

	Command
Show backtrace	bt, backtrace
Display variables	i[nfo]

Breakpoint Commands

Teleporting in our program



Breakpoint Commands - Example



```
# app/controllers/posts_controller.rb
def show
  @post = find_post
  binding.b
  # other code
end
```

Breakpoint Commands - Example



```
# app/controllers/posts_controller.rb
def show
  @post = find_post
  binding.b
  # other code
end
```


Breakpoint Commands - Example

○ ○ ○

```
# app/controllers/posts_controller.rb
def show
  @post = find_post
  binding.b
  # other code
end
```



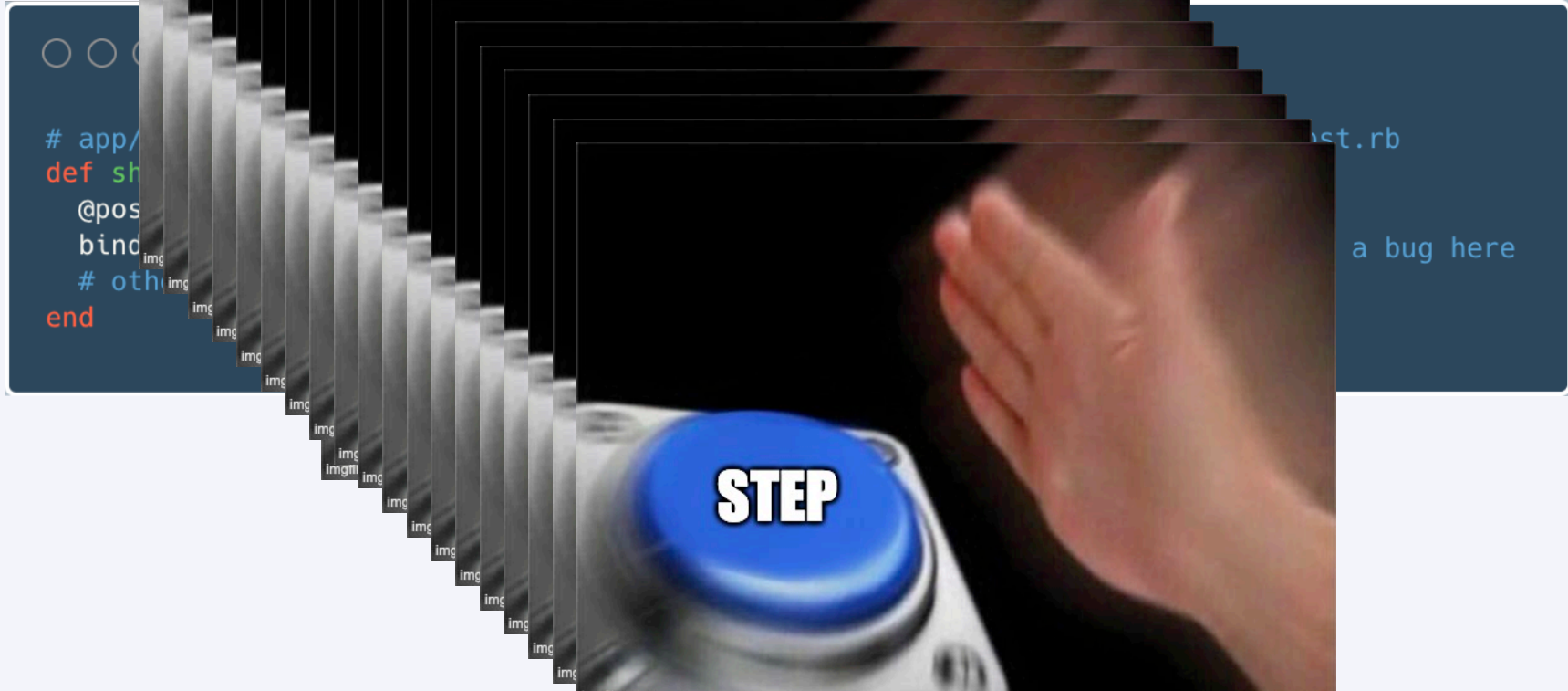
○ ○ ○

```
# app/models/post.rb
class Post
  def title
    # might have a bug here
  end
end
```

Breakpoint Commands - Don't Do This: The Stepping Warrior Way



Breakpoint - Stopping Warrior Way



Breakpoint Commands - Don't Do This: The Pry Way



```
# app/controllers/posts_controller.rb
def show
  @post = find_post(params[:id])
  binding.b
  # other code
end
```

1. Open `app/models/post.rb`
2. Put another `binding.b` in `Post#title`
3. Restart the program
4. Stop at `PostsController#show` again
5. Type `@post.title`

`post.rb`

`by`
`ive a bug here`

Breakpoint Commands - Teleport with breakpoints

○ ○ ○

```
# app/controllers/posts_controller.rb  
def show  
  @post = find_post  
  binding.b  
  # other code  
end
```



○ ○ ○

```
# app/models/post.rb  
class Post  
  def title  
    # might have a bug here  
  end  
end
```

Breakpoint Commands - Teleport with breakpoints

○ ○ ○

```
# app/controllers/posts_controller.rb
def show
  @post = find_post
  binding.b
  # other code
end
```

(rdbg) break @post.title

○ ○ ○

```
# app/models/post.rb
class Post
  attr_accessible :title
  # might have a bug here
end
end
```

Breakpoint Commands

	Command
On line	<code>b[reak] <line></code>
On file:line	<code>b[reak] <file>:<line></code>
On a method	<code>b[reak] <class>#<method></code>
On a class method	<code>b[reak] <class>.<method></code>
On an instance's method	<code>b[reak] <obj>.<method></code>
On exceptions	<code>catch <exception_class></code>

	Command
List all breakpoints	<code>b[reak]</code>
Delete a breakpoint	<code>del[ete] <id></code>
Delete all breakpoints	<code>del[ete]</code>

Breakpoint Commands

	Command
On line	<code>b[reak] <line></code> 00000000000000000000000000000000
On file:line	<code>b[reak] <file>:<line></code> 00000000000000000000000000000000
On a method	<code>b[reak] <class>#<method></code>
On a class method	<code>b[reak] <class>.<method></code>
On an instance's method	<code>b[reak] <obj>.<method></code>
On exceptions	<code>catch <exception_class></code>

	Command
List all breakpoints	<code>b[reak]</code>
Delete a breakpoint	<code>del[ete] <id></code>
Delete all breakpoints	<code>del[ete]</code>

Breakpoint Commands

	Command
On line	<code>b[reak] <line></code>
On file:line	<code>b[reak] <file>:<line></code>
On a method	<code>b[reak] <class>#<method></code> Example: <code>b[reak] Rails::Controller#before_render</code>
On a class method	<code>b[reak] <class>.<method></code> Example: <code>b[reak] Rails::Controller.render</code>
On an instance's method	<code>b[reak] <obj>.<method></code> Example: <code>b[reak] @controller.render</code>
On exceptions	<code>catch <exception_class></code>

	Command
List all breakpoints	<code>b[reak]</code>
Delete a breakpoint	<code>del[ete] <id></code>
Delete all breakpoints	<code>del[ete]</code>

Breakpoint Commands

	Command
On line	<code>b[reak] <line></code>
On file:line	<code>b[reak] <file>:<line></code>
On a method	<code>b[reak] <class>#<method></code>
On a class method	<code>b[reak] <class>.<method></code>
On an instance's method	<code>b[reak] <obj>.<method></code>
On exceptions	<code>catch <exception_class></code> <code>catch <exception_class> { ... }</code>

	Command
List all breakpoints	<code>b[reak]</code>
Delete a breakpoint	<code>del[ete] <id></code>
Delete all breakpoints	<code>del[ete]</code>

Breakpoint Commands

	Command
On line	<code>b[reak] <line></code>
On file:line	<code>b[reak] <file>:<line></code>
On a method	<code>b[reak] <class>#<method></code>
On a class method	<code>b[reak] <class>.<method></code>
On an instance's method	<code>b[reak] <obj>.<method></code>
On exceptions	<code>catch <exception_class></code>

	Command
List all breakpoints	<code>b[reak]</code>
Delete a breakpoint	<code>del[ete] <id></code>
Delete all breakpoints	<code>del[ete]</code>

Breakpoint Commands

	Command
On line	<code>b[reak] <line></code>
On file:line	<code>b[reak] <file>:<line></code>
On a method	<code>b[reak] <class>#<method></code>
On a class method	<code>b[reak] <class>.<method></code>
On an instance's method	<code>b[reak] <obj>.<method></code>
On exceptions	<code>catch <exception_class></code>

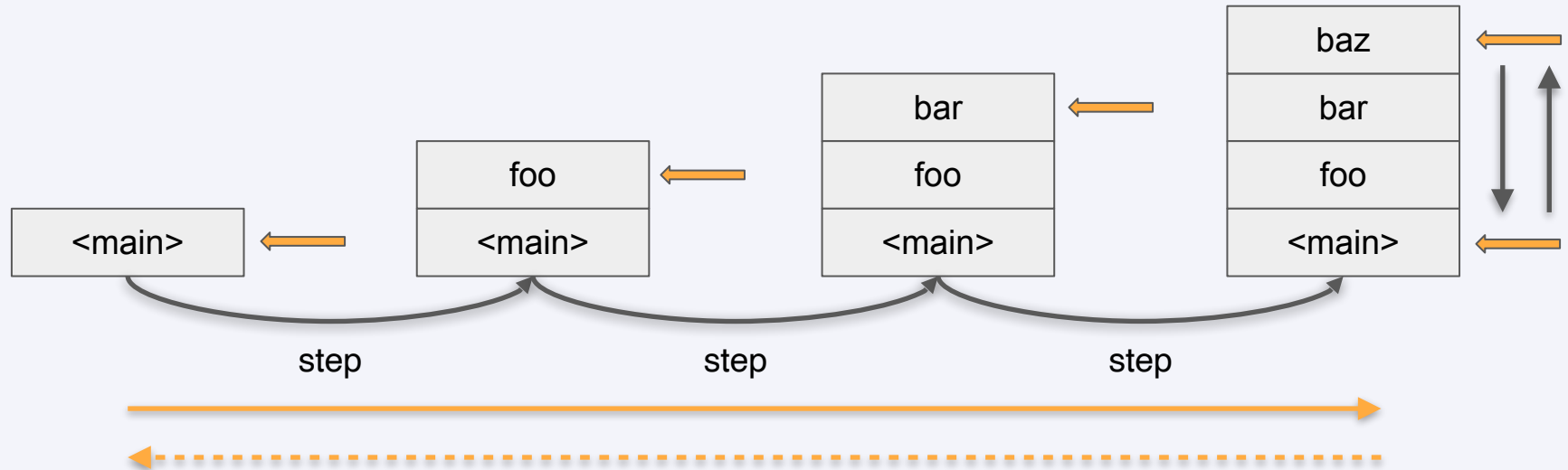
	Command
List all breakpoints	<code>b[reak]</code> count, command, error
Delete a breakpoint	<code>del[ete] <id></code>
Delete all breakpoints	<code>del[ete]</code>

Breakpoint Commands

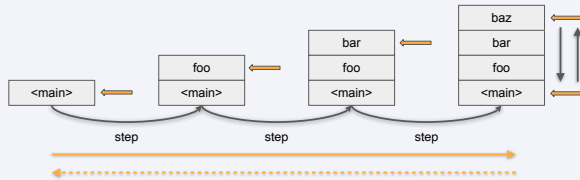
	Command
On line	<code>b[reak] <line></code>
On file:line	<code>b[reak] <file>:<line></code>
On a method	<code>b[reak] <class>#<method></code>
On a class method	<code>b[reak] <class>.<method></code>
On an instance's method	<code>b[reak] <obj>.<method></code>
On exceptions	<code>catch <exception_class></code>

	Command
List all breakpoints	<code>b[reak]</code> debugger.open() in REPL
Delete a breakpoint	<code>del[ete] <id></code> debugger.removeBreakpoint() in REPL
Delete all breakpoints	<code>del[ete]</code> debugger.removeAllBreakpoints() in REPL

Step-debugging + Frame Navigation + Breakpoint Commands

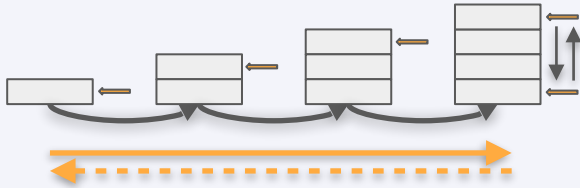


Step-debugging + Frame Navigation + Breakpoint Commands



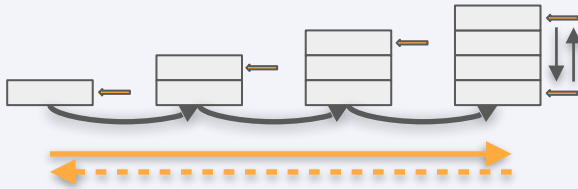
Step-debugging + Frame Navigation + Breakpoint Commands

Investigation -1 (binding.b)



Step-debugging + Frame Navigation + Breakpoint Commands

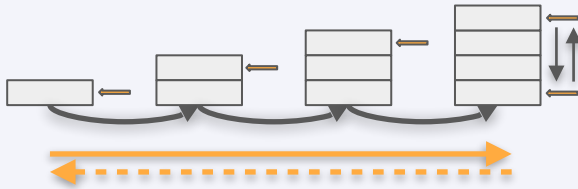
Investigation -1 (binding.b)



Set destination (break Foo#bar)

Step-debugging + Frame Navigation + Breakpoint Commands

Investigation -1 (binding.b)



Set destination (break Foo#bar)

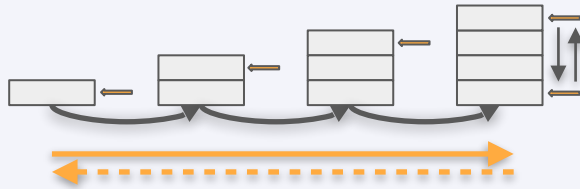


continue

Triggers breakpoint

Step-debugging + Frame Navigation + Breakpoint Commands

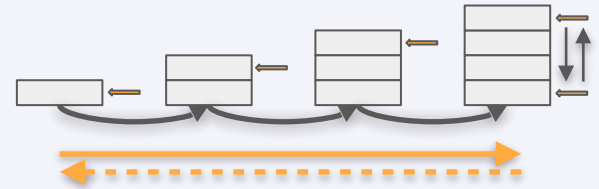
Investigation -1 (binding.b)



Set destination (break Foo#bar)

continue

Investigation - 2 (Foo#bar)



Mobility Inside A Running Program



Mobility Inside A Running Program

- **Reduced program execution**
- **Reduced code editing**
- **Reduced distraction**

Scriptable Breakpoint

Debug like we program



Scriptable Breakpoints

binding.b

Scriptable Breakpoints

binding.b



Known actions

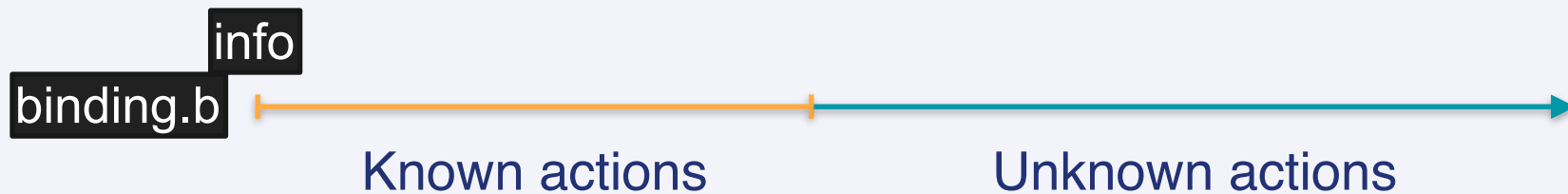
Scriptable Breakpoints

`binding.b`

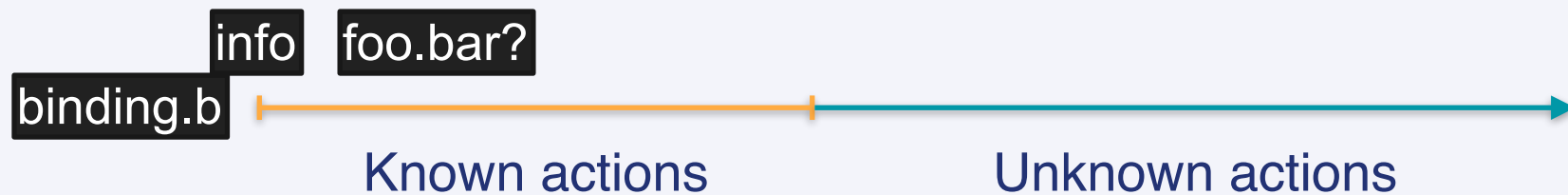
Known actions

Unknown actions

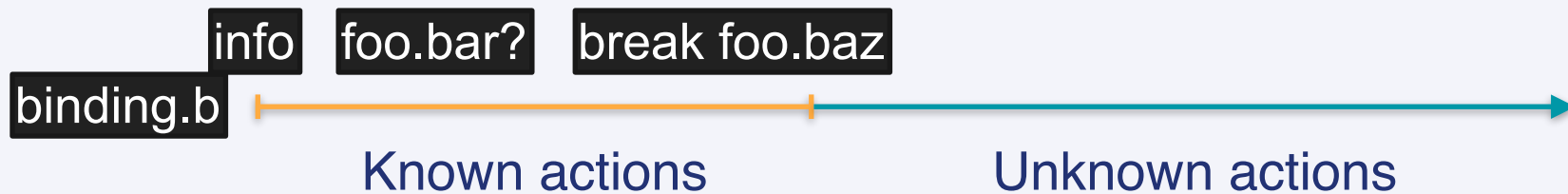
Scriptable Breakpoints



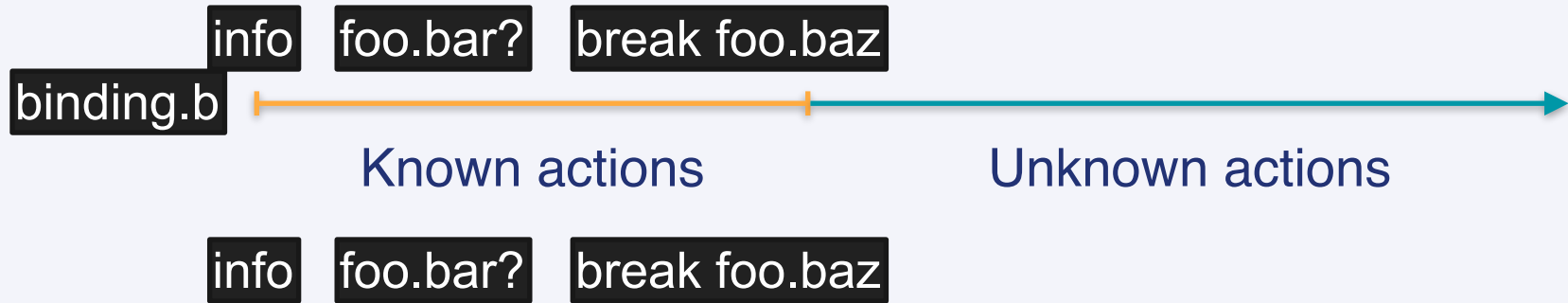
Scriptable Breakpoints



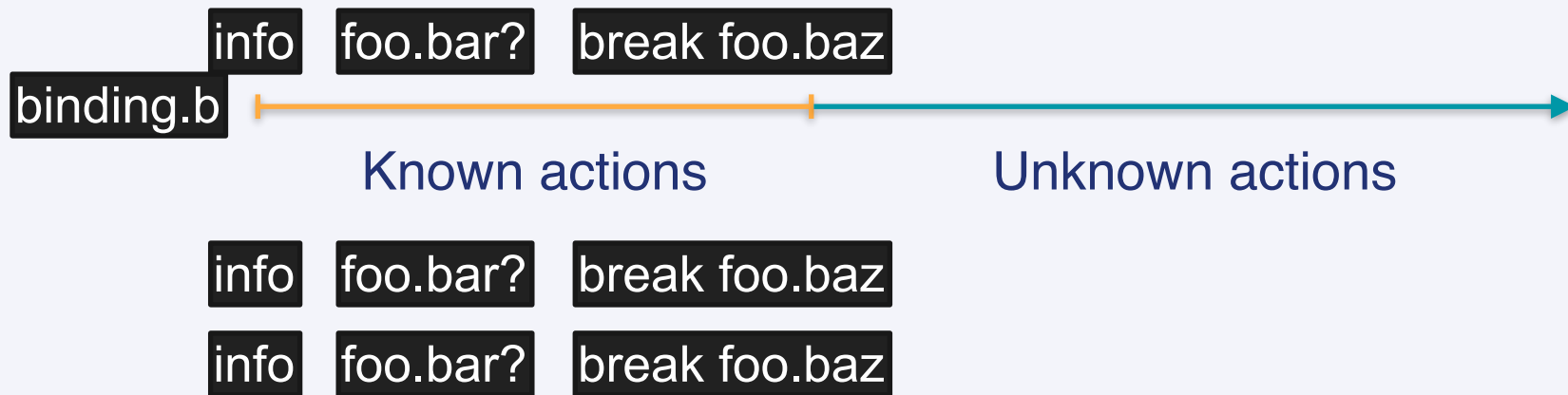
Scriptable Breakpoints



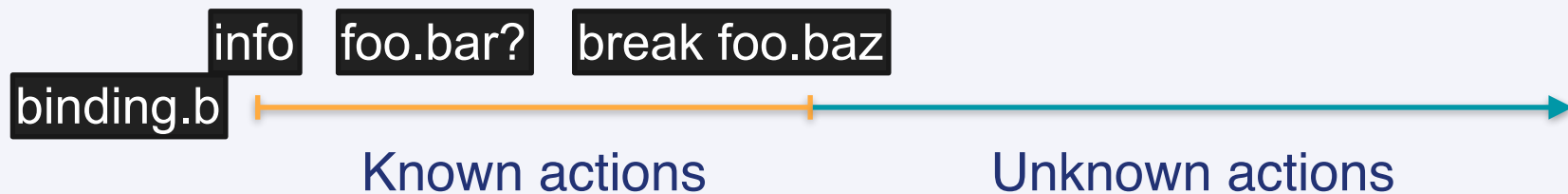
Scriptable Breakpoints



Scriptable Breakpoints



Scriptable Breakpoints



Scriptable Breakpoints

```
binding.b(pre: "info ;; foo.bar? ;; break foo.baz")
```



Known actions

Unknown actions

Scriptable Breakpoints - The "pre" and "do" keywords

Scriptable Breakpoints - The "pre" and "do" keywords

- **binding.b(pre: "cmd")**
 1. **Execute <cmd>**
 2. **Stops at the breakpoint**

Scriptable Breakpoints - The "pre" and "do" keywords

- **binding.b(pre: "cmd")**
 1. Execute <cmd>
 2. Stops at the breakpoint
- **binding.b(do: "cmd")**
 1. Execute <cmd>
 2. Continue the program

Scriptable Breakpoints - Multiple Commands

- Separate commands or expressions with ";;"
- `binding.b(do: "cmd1 ;; cmd2")`
- `binding.b(pre: "var = foo ;; bar(var)")`

Scriptable Breakpoints - Breakpoint Commands Support

- **(rdbg) break Foo#bar do: info**
- **(rdbg) catch StandardError pre: bt**

Scriptable Breakpoints - Example



```
# create an old encryptor
old_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)
old_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new old_secret

# create a new encryptor
new_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)
new_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new new_secret

# let the new encryptor rotate to old_secret when needed
new_encryptor.rotate old_secret

# the new encryptor should decrypt the message after rotating to the old secret
msg = new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify(old_encryptor.encrypt_and_sign(nil))
puts("Message is #{msg.inspect}") #=> Message is nil
```

Scriptable Breakpoints - Example



```
# create an old encryptor  
old_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)  
old_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new old_secret
```

```
# create a new encryptor  
new_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)  
new_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new new_secret
```

```
# let the new encryptor rotate to old_secret when needed  
new_encryptor.rotate old_secret
```

```
# the new encryptor should decrypt the message after rotating to the old secret  
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Scriptable Breakpoints - Example



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```


Scriptable Breakpoints - Example



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old_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)  
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```

```
# create a new encryptor  
new_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)  
new_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new new_secret
```

```
# let the new encryptor rotate to old_secret when needed  
new_encryptor.rotate old_secret
```

```
# the new encryptor should decrypt the message after rotating to the old secret  
msg = new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify(old_encryptor.encrypt_and_sign(nil))  
puts("Message is #{msg.inspect}") #=> Message is nil
```

Scriptable Breakpoints - Example

○ ○ ○

```
# create an old encryptor
old_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)
old_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new old_secret
```

○ ○ ○

```
activesupport-7.0.3.1/lib/active_support/message_verifier.rb:178:in `verify':
ActiveSupport::MessageVerifier::InvalidSignature (ActiveSupport::MessageVerifier::InvalidSignature)
```

```
new_encryptor.rotate old_secret
```

```
# the new encryptor should decrypt the message after rotating to the old secret
msg = new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify(old_encryptor.encrypt_and_sign(nil))
puts("Message is #{msg.inspect}") #=> Message is nil
```

Scriptable Breakpoints - Example



```
# create an old encryptor
old_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)
old_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new old_secret

# create a new encryptor
new_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)
new_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new new_secret

# let the new encryptor rotate to old_secret when needed
new_encryptor.rotate old_secret

binding.b(do: "i ;; break new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify pre: i")

# the new encryptor should decrypt the message after rotating to the old secret
msg = new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify(old_encryptor.encrypt_and_sign(nil))
puts("Message is #{msg.inspect}") #=> Message is nil
```

Scriptable Breakpoints - Example



```
# create an old encryptor
old_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)
old_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new old_secret

# create a new encryptor
new_secret = SecureRandom.base64(24)
new_encryptor = ActiveSupport::MessageEncryptor.new new_secret

# let info new encryptor rotate to old_secret when needed
new_encryptor.rotate old_secret

binding.b(do: "i ;; break new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify pre: i")

# the new encryptor should decrypt the message after rotating to the old secret
msg = new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify(old_encryptor.encrypt_and_sign(nil))
puts("Message is #{msg.inspect}") #=> Message is nil
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Scriptable Breakpoints - Example



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20| msg = new_encryptor.decrypt_and_verify(old_encryptor.encrypt_and_sign(nil))
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Scriptable Breakpoints - Benefits

- **Reduces manual operations and human errors**
- **Helps you plan debugging workflow ahead**
- **Utilises editor features like autocompletion**
- **Makes our debugging experience sharable**

Why ruby/debug

Advantage of ruby/debug

- Maintained by Ruby core
- Colorised output
- Powerful breakpoints and tracers
- Advanced remote debugging support
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Disadvantage of ruby/debug

- Doesn't work with Fiber
- Activated when required (Issue #797)
 - `gem "debug", require: false`
- Less learning resources

Some Resources

Byebug migration guide



<https://st0012.dev/from-byebug-to-ruby-debug>

ruby/debug cheatsheet



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Happy debugging!

